

- E. Community Hospital Education Program (CHEP) hospitals – Hospitals that participate in a program established by the Community Hospital Education Act (381.0403, F.S.) and administered by the Department of Health. CHEP hospitals offer continuing medical education programs for interns and residents established on a statewide basis. The CHEP program provides financial support for interns and residents based on policies recommended and approved by the Community Hospital Education Council and the Department of Health.
- F. Cost Reporting Year - A 12-month period of operation based upon the provider's accounting year.
- G. Eligible Medicaid Recipient - "Recipient" or "Medicaid recipient" means any individual whom the department, or the Social Security Administration on behalf of the agency, determines is eligible, pursuant to federal and state law, to receive medical or allied care, goods, or services for which the department may make payments under the Medicaid program and is enrolled in the Medicaid program. For the purposes of determining third party liability, the term includes an individual formerly determined to be eligible for Medicaid, an individual who has received medical assistance under the Medicaid program, or an individual on whose behalf Medicaid has become obligated.
- H. Florida Medicaid Log - A schedule to be maintained by a hospital listing each Medicaid patient's recipient number, dates of admission and discharge, and the charges and payments for services and goods received from the hospital's revenue centers.

- I. Florida Price Level Index - A spatial index which measures differences from county to county in the cost of purchasing a specified market basket of items at a particular point in time. The items in the market basket range from various food products to hospital lab fees, and are grouped into the components of Food, Housing, Apparel, Transportation, and Health, Recreation and Personal Services. A county index for each of the five components is developed bi-annually by the Florida Executive Office of the Governor. County indices are population weighted to average 100 percent. An index of 1.1265 for a given county means that the basket of goods in that county costs 12.65 percent more than the State average. Changes to the methodology utilized in the development of the FPLI will constitute changes in this plan and will require a formal plan amendment.
- J. General hospital – A hospital in this state that is not classified as a specialized hospital.
- K. HHS - Department of Health and Human Services
- L. CMS PUB. 15-1 - Health Insurance Manual No. 15, also known as the Provider Reimbursement Manual, as incorporated by reference in Rule 59G-6.010, F.A.C..
- M. Medicaid Outpatient Charges - Usual and customary charges for outpatient services rendered to Medicaid patients excluding charges for laboratory and pathology services. These charges shall be the allowable charges as reconciled with the hospital Medicaid log and found on the Medicaid paid claims report.
- N. Medicaid Outpatient Occasions of Service - The number of distinct revenue center code line items listed on a valid claim that a hospital has submitted to the fiscal agent, excluding laboratory and pathology revenue center code line items, and that

have been paid by the fiscal agent, which represent covered Medicaid outpatient services.

- O. Medicaid Outpatient Variable Costs - Allowable operating costs excluding laboratory and pathology costs less return on equity as apportioned to Medicaid by cost finding methods in the CMS 2552 cost report.
- P. Non-Covered Services - Those goods and services which are not medically necessary for the care and treatment of outpatients as defined in CMS PUB 15.1 as incorporated by reference in Rule 59G-6.010, F.A.C.
- Q. Rate Semester - January 1 through June 30 of a given year, or July 1 through December 31 of a given year.
- R. Reimbursement Ceiling - The upper limit for Medicaid Outpatient Variable Cost rate reimbursement for an individual hospital.
- S. Reimbursement Ceiling Period - January 1 through June 30 of a given year or July 1 through December 31, of a given year.
- T. Rural Hospital - An acute care hospital licensed under Florida Statutes, Chapter 395 with 100 licensed beds or less, which has an emergency room and is located in an area defined as rural by the United States Census, and which is:
 - 1. The sole provider within a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile; or
 - 2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile, which is at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads under normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital within the same county; or

- 3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict whose boundaries encompass a population of 100 persons or less per square mile.
- U. Specialized Hospital - A licensed hospital primarily devoted to TB, psychiatric care, pediatric, eye, or cardiac care and treatment; or a licensed hospital that has ten or more residency training programs.
- V. Title XVIII - Health Insurance for the Aged, Blind or Disabled (Medicare) as provided for in the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395-1395xx).
- W. Title XIX - Grants to States for Medical Assistance Programs (Medicaid) as provided for in the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396-1396p).
- X. Total Outpatient Charges - Total patient revenues assessed for all outpatient services excluding charges for laboratory and pathology.

APPENDIX A TO FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL
REIMBURSEMENT PLAN

OUTPATIENT REVENUE CENTER CODES

<u>CODE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
250	Pharmacy/General
251	Pharmacy/Generic
252	Pharmacy/NonGeneric
254	Drugs Incident to Other Diagnostic Services
255	Drugs Incident to Radiology
258	Pharmacy/IV Solutions
260	IV Therapy
261	Infusion Pump
262	IV Therapy/Pharmacy Services
264	IV Therapy/Supplies
271	Medical Surgical- Nonsterile supplies
272	Medical/Surgical - Sterile Supplies
273	Burn Pressure Garment
274	Cochlear Implant Handling (ages 2-20 only)
275	Pacemaker
276	Intraocular Lens
278	Subdermal Contraceptive Implant
279	Burn Pressure Garment Fitting
300	Laboratory/General
301	Laboratory/Chemistry
302	Laboratory/Immunology
303	Laboratory/Renal Patient (Home)
304	Laboratory/Non-Routine Dialysis
305	Laboratory/Hematology
306	Laboratory/Bacteriology and Microbiology
307	Laboratory/Urology
310	Pathological Laboratory/General
311	Pathological Laboratory/Cytology
312	Pathological Laboratory/Histology
314	Pathological Laboratory/Biopsy
320	Diagnostic Radiology/General
321	Diagnostic Radiology/Angiocardiology
322	Diagnostic Radiology/Arthrography
323	Diagnostic Radiology/Arteriography
324	Diagnostic Radiology/Chest
330	Therapeutic Radiology/General
331	Therapeutic Radiology/Injected
332	Therapeutic Radiology/Oral
333	Therapeutic Radiology/Radiation Therapy

- 335 Therapeutic Radiology/Chemotherapy - IV
- 340 Nuclear Medicine/General
- 341 Nuclear Medicine/Diagnostic
- 342 Nuclear Medicine/Therapeutic
- 350 Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/General
- 351 Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/Head
- 352 Computed Tomographic (CT) Scan/Body
- 360 Operating Room Services/General
- 361 Operating Room Services/Minor Surgery
- 370 Anesthesia/General
- 371 Anesthesia Incident to Radiology
- 372 Anesthesia Incident to Other Diagnostic Services
- 380 Blood/General
- 381 Blood/Packed Red Cells
- 382 Blood/Whole
- 383 Blood/Plasma
- 384 Blood/Platelets
- 385 Blood/Leucocytes
- 386 Blood/Other Components
- 387 Blood/Other Derivatives
- 390 Blood Storage and Processing/General
- 391 Blood Storage and Processing/Administration
- 400 Imaging Services/General
- 401 Imaging Services/Mammography
- 402 Imaging Services/Ultrasound
- 403 Screening Mammography
- 404 Positron Emission Tomography
- 410 Respiratory Services/General (All Ages)
- 412 Respiratory Services/Inhalation (All Ages)
- 413 Respiratory Services/Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy (All Ages)
- 421 Physical Therapy/Visit Charge (All Ages)
- 424 Physical Therapy/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (All Ages)
- Note: Effective 1/1/99
- 431 Occupational Therapy/Visit Charge (Under 21 only)
- 434 Occupation Therapy/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (Under 21)
- Note: Effective 1/1/99
- 441 Speech-Language Pathology/Visit Charge (Under 21 only)
- 444 Speech-Language Pathology/Evaluation or Re-evaluation (Under 21) Note: Effective 1/1/99
- 450 Emergency Room/General
- 451 EMTALA Emergency Medical Screening Services (Effective 7/1/96)
 - EMTALA: Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act
 - Use 451 when the recipient needs no ER care beyond the EMTALA emergency medical screening
 - Code W1700 must be used with code 451; example 451(W1700)
- Note: No MediPass authorization required

460	Pulmonary Function/General
471	Audiology/Diagnostic
472	Audiology/Treatment
480	Cardiology/General
481	Cardiology/Cardiac Cath Laboratory
482	Cardiology/Stress Test
483	Cardiology/Echocardiology
490	Ambulatory Surgical Care
510	Clinic/General
	<u>Note:</u> Please reference Medicaid Outpatient Hospital Coverage and Limitations Handbook
513	Psychiatric Clinic
	<u>Note:</u> Use code 513, psychiatric clinic, with code 914, psychiatric individual therapy services, or with 918, psychiatric testing, when either of these codes is appropriate and applicable.
610	MRI Diagnostic/General
611	MRI Diagnostic/Brain
612	MRI Diagnostic/Spine
621	Supplies Incident to Radiology
622	DressingsSupplies Incident to Other Diagnostic Services
623	Surgical Dressings
634	Erythropoietin (EPO) less than 10,000 units
635	Erythropoietin (EPO) 10,000 or more units
637	Self-Administered Drugs (Effective 10/1/97)
	<u>Note:</u> Use code 637 exclusively to bill self-administered drugs not covered by Medicare for dually-eligible Medicare and Medicaid recipients. Code 637 must only be billed with the Total Charge 001 revenue code. Payment will be made for 637 only.
700	Cast Room/General
710	Recovery Room/General
721	Labor - Delivery Room/Labor
722	Labor - Delivery Room/Delivery
723	Labor Room/Delivery/Circumcision
730	EKG - ECG/General
731	EKG - ECG/Holter Monitor
732	Telemetry
740	EEG/General
750	Gastro-Intestinal Services/General
761	Treatment Room
762	Observation Room
790	Lithotripsy/General
821	Hemodialysis Outpatient/Composite
831	Peritoneal Dialysis Outpatient/Composite Rate
880	Miscellaneous Dialysis/General
901	Psychiatric/Psychological - Electroshock Treatment
914	Psychiatric/Psychological - Clinic Visit/Individual

Therapy
918 Psychiatric/Testing (Effective 1/1/99)
Note: Bill 513, psychiatric clinic, with this service,
920 Other Diagnostic Services/General
921 Other Diagnostic Services/Peripheral Vascular Lab
922 Other Diagnostic Services/Electromyelgram
924 Other Diagnostic Services/Allergy Test
943 Other Therapeutic Services/Cardiac Rehabilitation
944 Other Therapeutic Services/Drug Rehabilitation
945 Other Therapeutic Services/Alcohol Rehabilitation

APPENDIX B TO FLORIDA TITLE XIX OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL
REIMBURSEMENT PLAN
ADJUSTMENTS TO ALLOWABLE MEDICAID VARIABLE COSTS

An example of the technique to be utilized to adjust allowable Medicaid variable costs for inflation in the computation of the reimbursement limits is detailed below. Assume the following DRI Quarterly Indices:

	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>
Q1	213.0	237.7	250.1	278.1	308.0
Q2	217.8	234.5	256.5	285.9	314.9
Q3	222.7	237.9	263.2	294.0	322.0
Q4	227.7	243.8	270.4	301.2	329.3

The elements in the above table represent a weighted composite index based on the following weights and the components:

<u>COMPONENTS</u>	<u>WEIGHTS</u>
Payroll and Professional Fees	55.57%
Employee Benefits	7.28%
Dietary and Cafeteria	3.82%
Fuel and Other Utilities	3.41%
Other	<u>29.92%</u>
	100.00%

Based on the quarterly indices, monthly indices are calculated by averaging pairs of quarterly indices and interpolating between these averages as follows:

<u>QUARTER</u>	<u>INDEX</u>	<u>AVERAGE INDEX</u>	<u>MONTH</u>
1	213.0		
		215.4	MARCH 31
2	217.8		
		220.3	JUNE 30
3	222.7		
		225.2	SEPT. 30
4	227.7		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{April 30 Index} &= (\text{June 30 Index} / \text{March 31 Index})^{1/3} (\text{March 31 Index}) \\
 &= (220.3 / 215.4)^{1/3} (215.4) \\
 &= 217.0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{May 31 Index} &= (\text{June 30 Index}/\text{March 31 Index})^{2/3} (\text{March 31 Index}) \\ &= (220.3/215.4)^{2/3} (215.4) \\ &= 218.7\end{aligned}$$

All other monthly indices can be calculated in a similar fashion. To determine the applicable inflation factor for a given hospital for the first semester of 1999-2000 the index for September 30, 1999, the midpoint of the rate semester, is divided by the index for the midpoint of the Provider's Fiscal Year. For example, if a hospital has a fiscal year end of November 30, 1996 then its midpoint is May 31, and the applicable inflation is:

$$\text{September 1999 Index}/\text{May 1996 Index} = 297.6/218.7 = 1.3607$$

Therefore, the hospitals reported variable cost Medicaid rate is multiplied by 1.3607 to obtain the estimated average variable Medicaid rate for the first rate semester of FY 1999-2000. Similar calculations utilizing March 31, as the midpoint yield adjustments for the second semester of FY 1999-2000.